THE NAUTILUS.

Remarks: This very handsome small race of *fidelis* seems well set off from the typical form not only by its small size, thinner shell, and less conical spire, but by the prevalence of multiple banding. In general appearance it resembles some of the more southern members of the genus more than any other Oregon or Washington form I have seen. All the characters noted are very constant in the material in hand indicating that a wellmarked race is represented. Two specimens taken farther up the valley at Prospect, Oregon, have, however, a notably wider umbilicus than those from Trail. Otherwise they are very similar. The banding details are unusually beautiful.

EXACT LOCALITIES OF CERTAIN CALIFORNIA LAND SNAILS

BY G. DALLAS HANNA

Through an oversight in the transmission of specimens which Dr. Pilsbry recently studied (Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila., Vol. 78, 1926, pp. 477–488) certain pertinent data as to localities were omitted. Owing to the tendency toward colonization among the California land snails, it is always desirable to record collecting stations as exactly as possible.

Helminthoglypta contracostae Pilsbry. One lot is given as from "Clear Lake, Lake Co., Calif." Plate 37, fig. 8, No. 22886, Calif. Acad. Sci.; this series is from a small wooded island very near the southern end of the lake, about one-fourth mile north of the outlet. Another lot, Plate 37, figs. 9–11, No. 22899 (C. A. S.) is from a knoll in the marshland just west of the outlet of the lake.

Helminthoglypta nickliniana anachoreta (W. G. Binney). The lot of shells from "Upper Lake, Lake County, Calif.", No. 22904 (C. A. S.) is from the rocky wooded land about four miles above the town of "Upper Lake," which is at the north end of Clear Lake; a large stream enters the lake from the north and a road follows the west side of this stream. The shells were collected along the west side of the road.

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Monadenia mormonum hirsuta Pilsbry. The type lot of this subspecies (No. 21513 C. A. S.) collected by Dr. Emmet Rixford and me at Mountain Pass, Tuolumne County, Calif. This is a point where the road from Stockton to Sonora passes to the right of a large exposure of black basalt. The shells were found among the loose rocks at the base of this lava cliff.

The numbers cited by Dr. Pilsbry for the California Academy of Sciences material are the original lot numbers. All type material in this museum is segregated from collections so that the specimens he has figured will receive new numbers in the type series as follows:

Helminthoglypta contracostae Pilsbry. Plesiotypes, No. 2642–2645.

Helminthoglypta nickliniana anachoreta (W. G. Binney). Plesiotypes, Nos. 2636–2638.

Helminthoglypta arrosa mailliardi Pilsbry. Holotype, No. 2646; paratypes, Nos. 2647–2651.

Helminthoglypta tudiculata cypreophila (Newcomb). Plesiotype, No. 2652.

Monadenia mormonum hirsuta Pilsbry. Holotype, No. 2639; paratypes, Nos. 2640, 2641.

NOMENCLATURE OF LEUCONIA, MELAMPUS AND TRUNCATELLA

BY H. A. PILSBRY

In the Proc. Malacological Society XVII, December, 1926, p. 74, Lieut.-Col. A. J. Peile called attention to the preoccupation of *Leuconia* Gray, 1840, by Grant for a sponge (1833), and he proposes to substitute LEUCOPEPLA, type Voluta bidentata Mont. He includes also in this genus *Leuconia occidentalis* Pfr., a species of Cuba, Florida, the Bahamas and Bermuda. This is a rather thinner species than *bidentata*, but with similar form and armature of the aperture. Under the microscope it shows spiral sculpture when unworn, such sculpture being lacking in *bidentata*. For this species there is a name *Microtralia* Dall,